

OPERATIONS AT GREAT DIVIDE MINE PLEASING

The Tonopah Divide Mining company still continues to prosecute an aggressive campaign of development, although shaft sinking has not been resumed. During the week ending Wednesday, February 22, a total of 551 feet of underground work was performed. Operations on the 1300 level are being rushed so that the shaft may be advanced sufficient to permit of the resumption of sinking, while other work is going forward on both the 200 and 1000 levels.

During the week the usual tonnage of ore, averaging about 50 tons

daily, was consigned to the Belmont mill in Tonopah. The development report follows:

West drift 278 advanced 22.8 feet; 1901 drift advanced 20.8 feet; 1204 north crosscut advanced 1.4 feet; 1300 north crosscut advanced 25 feet; 1300 south crosscut advanced 22.5 feet.

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TONOPAH BELMONT DECLARES DIVIDEND

A dividend of 5 per cent, which will call for a distribution of \$75,000, was announced yesterday by the Tonopah Belmont Development company. This is in keeping with the heavy production that has been in order for the last several months, and goes to show that the mine is in splendid physical condition, and that the treasury is well fortified financially.

MILLIONS ARE AVAILABLE FOR RUSSIAN ARMY

(By Associated Press)

MOSCOW, Feb. 24.—Soviet Russia's military appropriation for the first nine months of 1922 totals 556,025,809 gold rubles, or about \$225,000,000. Its naval appropriations aggregated \$36,000,000, bringing the total contemplated expenditures for army and navy to about \$261,000,000, according to the budget approved by the recent congress.

This expenditure is based on the present size of the army and navy. The army, according to latest reports, numbers somewhat over 1,500,000 men and the combined strength of the soldiers, the naval personnel and special troops is about 1,700,000. Food and forage for the army is provided for in an appropriation aggregating about \$75,000,000, which is greater than the amount of money America has already given for the relief of famine in the Volga district and more than the amounts given by all foreign countries to relieve distress in Soviet Russia.

Western soldiers, particularly the American soldiers, will be amazed at the low rate of pay for military men. An ordinary soldier's pay is 20,000 rubles a month, which is only about 10 cents, or less than the price of a Russian pound of white bread. Captains get the equivalent of about \$1.50. Division commanders receive about \$8 a month.

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OATMAN MINING DISTRICT SHOWS UNUSUAL ACTIVITY AS RESULT OF EIGHTEEN DIAMOND DRILLS USED

(By James F. O'Brien)

OATMAN, Ariz., Feb. 23.—The sensational results shown by the cores of 18 diamond drill holes driven in various directions from a station at the 600-foot level of the Oatman United mine—the facts regarding which are only just beginning to be generally known and their significance realized—is the principal cause of what is fast developing into a genuine mining boom at Oatman. It is a boom, moreover, that is substantially founded, and is not based upon mere surface showings in a new and unproved section.

Though the nature of the discovery in the Oatman United, of which J. K. Turner is consulting engineer and Charles S. Spague is a promoter, shows that the possibilities of the district were never before half realized, this camp is in what has been known as a rich mineral section where ore has been mined for half a century. Nor is it one of the "dry bones" among old mining camps. Within the last 10 or 12 years three mines, the United Eastern, Twin Reed and Gold Roads, have produced approximately \$25,000,000 in gold. The United Eastern is still producing about \$500,000 annually, the Twin Reed somewhat less, but the rich owners of the Gold Roads shut down during the war period of high costs and have not yet resumed, though they have millions in sight.

The United American and Telluride mines also shipped a minimum of 25 tons daily of ore that runs from \$35 to more than \$500 per ton in gold. Still other properties have ore and it is believed to be only a question of further development before they will join the list of producing mines.

Probably the most striking evidence of the substantial merit of the present situation at Oatman is the fact that practically every miner and local resident has put every loose dollar he could get hold of into buying development or mining stocks. A few days ago the owners of the Merry Widow announced a sale of stock to finance a diamond drilling campaign. In a single afternoon every share of the allotment was taken by working miners and their friends in Oatman. They knew what late developments signify.

A series of massive rhyolite dykes, which can be seen outcropping prominently along the hills for many miles, runs through the whole Oatman district. While it has been recognized by geologists that these rhyolite dykes were the source of the ore occurrences, the ores of the district were found heretofore along fractures in the andesite and not associated with the rhyolite. It is from these fractures in the andesite alone that the enormous production of the past has come.

Now, however, the Oatman United has found the ore in and against the big rhyolite dyke itself, which was supposed not to carry values. And it is real ore—some of it high-grade enough across big widths to stand shipping to the smelters, while in other places a commercial grade of ore is found over almost unbelievable widths.

It must be remembered, too, that this ore is found at depth; it has been proved for 212 feet below the 600-foot level, for 338 feet above that level and for a distance of 600 feet along the vein, with the face of drill holes in each direction still in ore. Superintendent Hammond does not wish to give out the figures as to widths of commercial ore until they are more definitely determined, but he admits that one drill core shows average values of \$12 per ton across 70 feet of rhyolite. Another shows values of \$124 per ton for 13 feet in width.

The discovery of ore in this rhyolite dyke, or series of dykes, has opened up entirely new phases looking toward a wonderful future for the Oatman district. If the experience at the Oatman United can be repeated at intervals along this intrusion—and conservative mining men believe it is sure to be—Oatman is likely to become a producer of gold beyond the expectations of the most sanguine.

Were it not for the overshadowing importance of the development at the Oatman United, the showings in the United American and Telluride mines would of themselves create something of the sensation. Both of these properties are producing high-grade ores running from \$35 to more than \$100 per ton. Much of the ore now being stoped in the United American carries so much free gold visible to the naked eye that it sends a thrill through the most cold-blooded operator who takes a pride in never getting excited over rich ore. Both of these mines are now shipping under contract a minimum of 25 tons



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IMPORTANT NOTICE

To Secretaries of Corporations Doing Business in Nevada But Incorporated in Other States

OUR CHARGE \$9.00

SECTION 1.—All foreign corporations doing business in the State of Nevada shall, not later than the month of March in each year, beginning in the year 1914, publish a statement of their last year's business in some newspaper published in the State of Nevada. If published in a daily newspaper, such statement shall be published for a period of one week, or if published in a semi-weekly or tri-weekly newspaper, for a period of two weeks; or if published in a weekly newspaper for a period of four weeks.

SECTION 2.—The secretary of the company publishing the statement shall file a copy with the assessor of each county of the State of Nevada, in which said company is doing business.

SECTION 4.—Any district attorney in the state is competent to sue to recover the penalty, or the attorney general. The first county suing through its district attorney shall secure the penalty, and if no suit is brought for the penalty by any district the State shall have the right to recover through its attorney general.

The TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA will make publication required by law, which includes the filing of a sworn affidavit of publication with the assessor of each of the counties of the State, within which the company is doing business; an affidavit of publication will also be furnished secretaries.

ANNUAL STATEMENT	
of the _____	Company for the
year ending December 31, 1921.	
Location of mine _____	Mining District
County of _____	State of Nevada
DEBIT	
December 31, 1920, to cash on hand _____	\$ _____
To assessments collected during 1921 _____	\$ _____
To amounts received from other sources _____	\$ _____
CREDITS	
Mine expenses in year 1921 _____	\$ _____
General expenses in year 1921 _____	\$ _____
Paid dividends in year 1921 _____	\$ _____
Balance on hand December 31, 1921 _____	\$ _____
Secretary	
Address _____	
Address _____	

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

ENGLISH WARES BOYCOTTED BY ALL EGYPIANS

(By Associated Press)

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, Feb. 24.—In declaring a boycott against all goods of English manufacture, the Egyptians have adopted the tactics of the nationalists of India. They have heard that the Indians have been successful in their attempt to boycott British goods and are endeavoring to use the same means to bring the British government to terms.

As for the extent of the boycott, it is not clear. However, many Egyptian merchants are now refusing to buy English goods and are even refusing to sell Egyptian goods to English customers. They are also refusing to sell Egyptian goods to English customers.

If the Egyptians are able to hold together on the boycott program and force the importers to no longer deal in English cotton piece goods, iron and steel products, the result may be serious for English factories in Lancashire and Birmingham.

It has been proposed also to restrict the cultivation of Egyptian cotton, which would be of interest to the cotton growers of the United States. It has even been suggested that the Egyptians should refuse to export onions to England which now takes 80 per cent of the Egyptian onion crop.

Certain members of the Egyptian House of Deputies have announced that they would cease to drink English whisky and refuse to wear short-sleeved muslin shirts as the English do. Various other boycotting plans have been proposed.

GRAIN RAISING GOES FORWARD IN RUSSIA

(By Associated Press)

MOSCOW, Feb. 24.—Soviet Russia manufactured 1,307,000 scythes and imported 4,500,000 last year. Grain raising is carried on in such a primitive way by the majority of peasants that the scythe is in general use for harvesting, especially since the shortage of labor-saving machinery began.

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